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LEIDEN INSTITUTE FOR BRAIN AND COGNITION

HOW EFFORTFUL IS COGNITIVE CONTROL?

EVIDENCE FROM PUPILLOMETRY, FACIAL EMG,
AND A NOVEL CARDIOVASCULAR MEASURE

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How does effort relate to cognitive control?

“[...] cognitive effort regulates the degree to which cognitive control is engaged [...]” (Shenhav et al., 2017)

Annu. Rev. Neurosci. 2017. 40:99–124

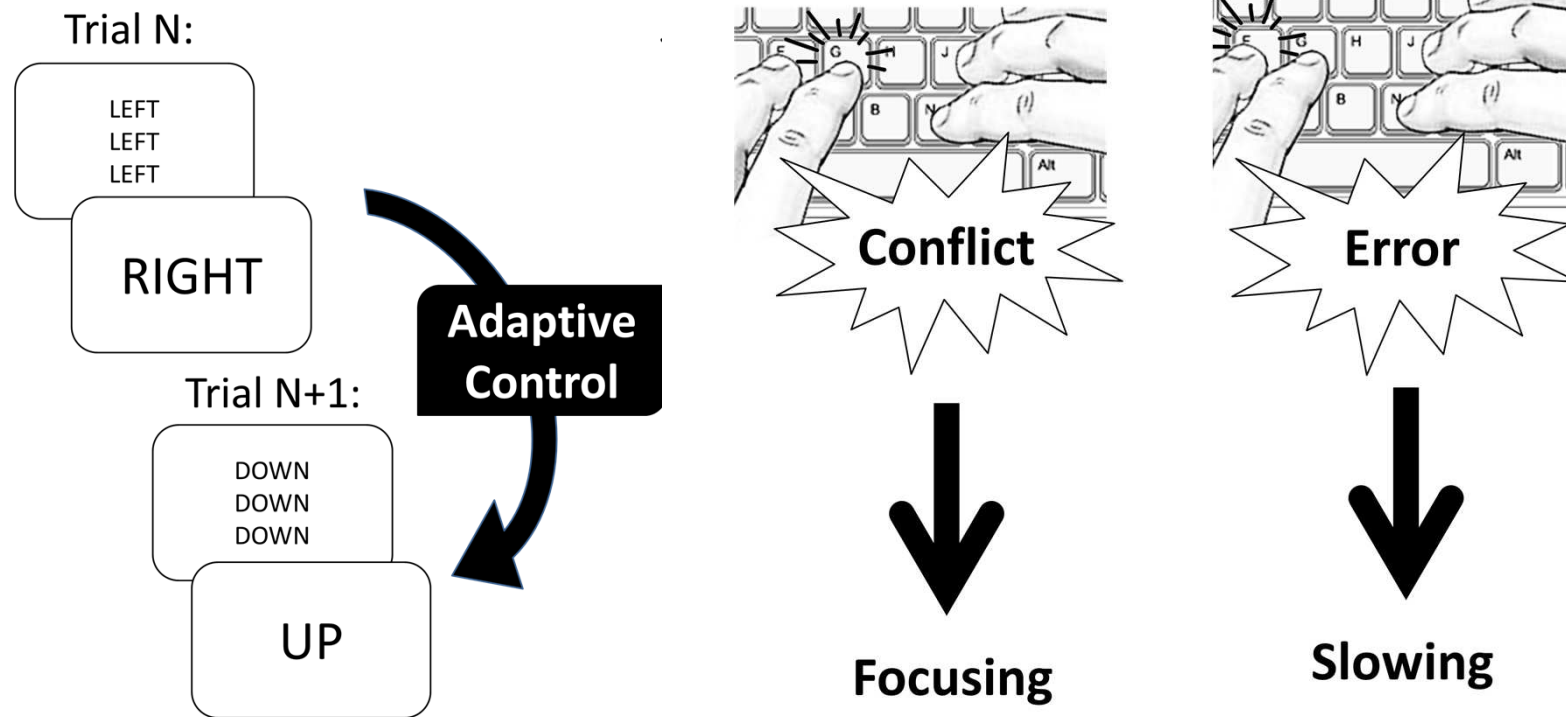
Toward a Rational and Mechanistic Account of Mental Effort

Amitai Shenhav,^{1,2} Sebastian Musslick,³ Falk Lieder,⁴
Wouter Kool,⁵ Thomas L. Griffiths,⁶
Jonathan D. Cohen,^{3,7} and Matthew M. Botvinick^{8,9}

Physiological indicators of effort?

1. Pupil dilation
2. Facial EMG of frowning muscle
3. New cardiovascular measure of effort

Demand-driven adjustments in cognitive control

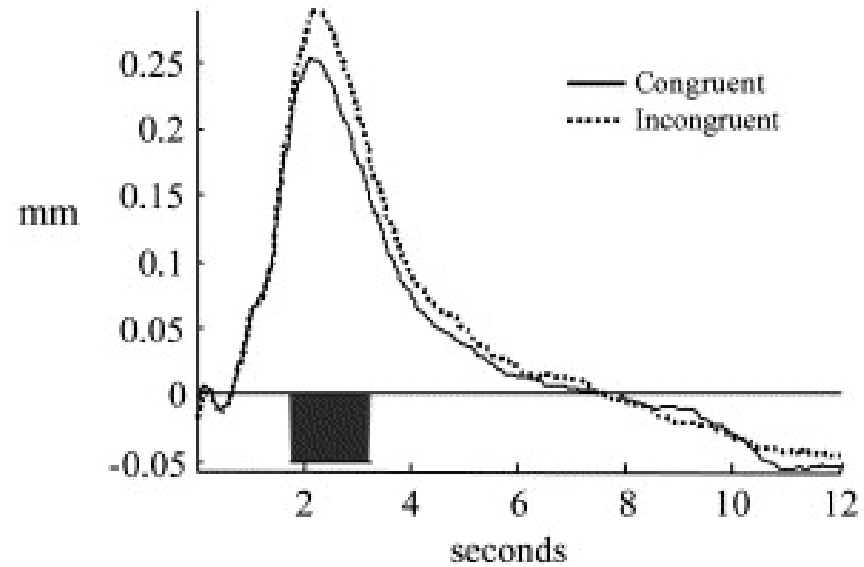


See Schmidt, J. R., & Weissman, D. D. H. (2014). Congruency sequence effects without feature integration or contingency learning confounds. *PLoS ONE*, 9(7), e102337.

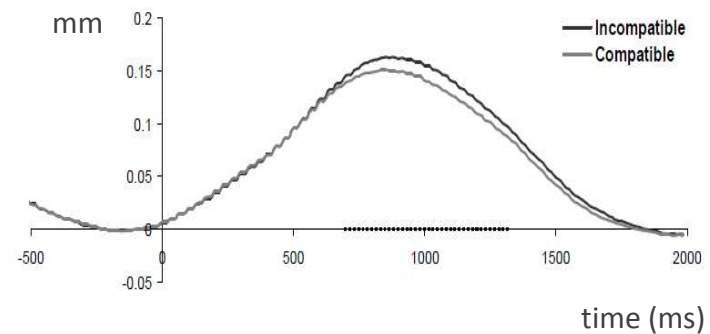
Pupil dilation in conflict tasks



Siegle et al. 2004



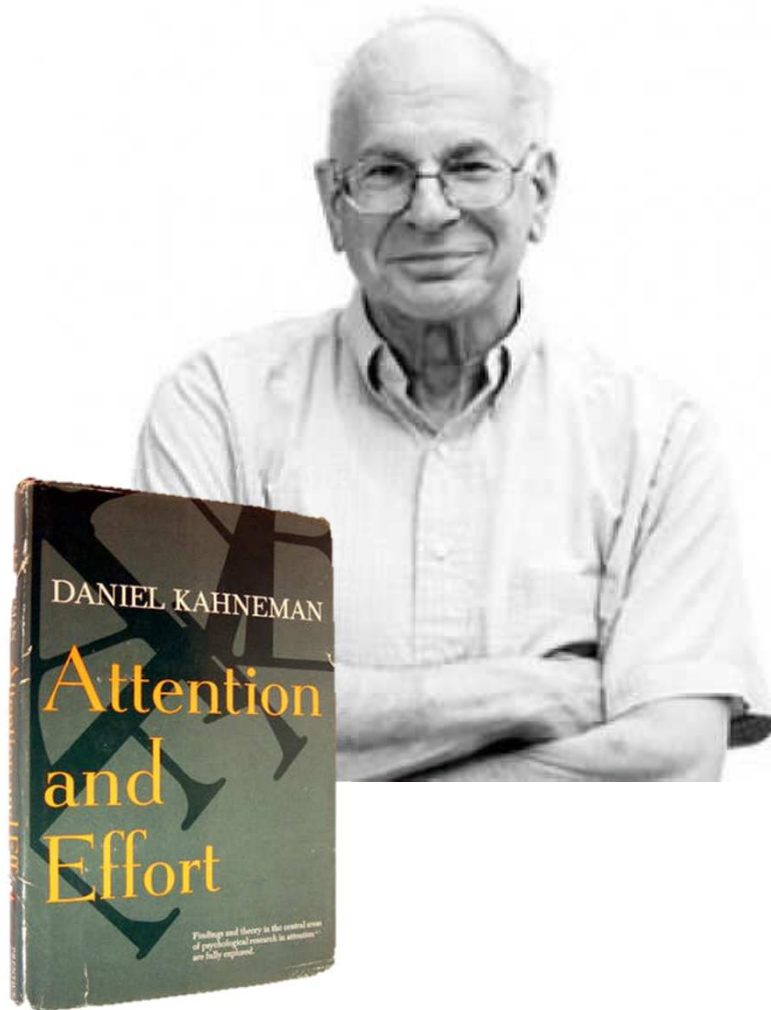
van Steenbergen & Band, 2013



Pupil dilation: Task demands or effort allocation?

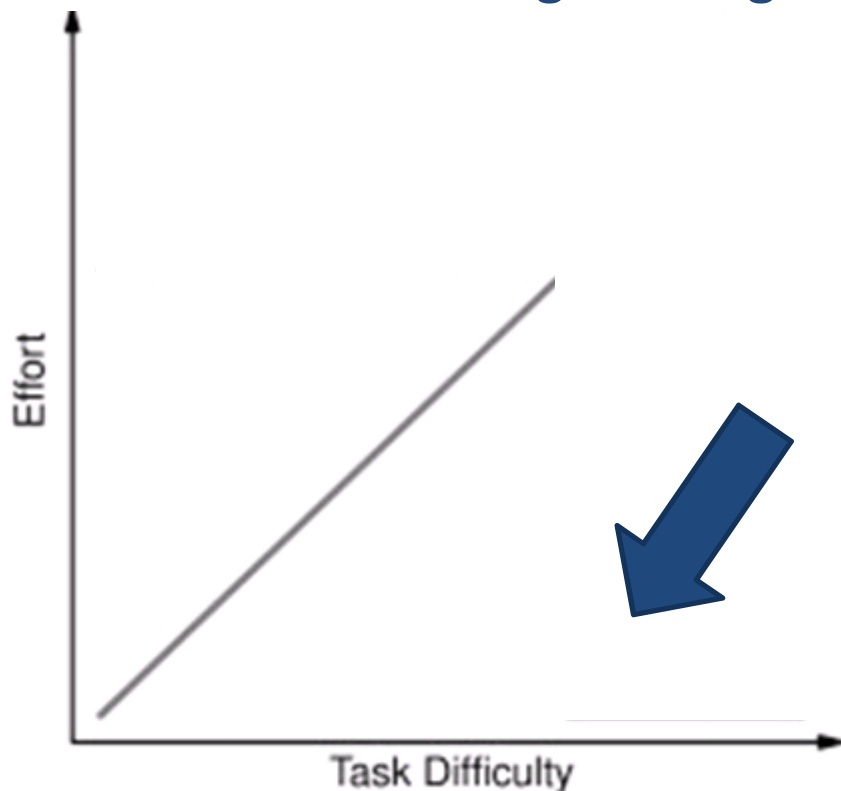
- “The fundamental difficulty in the use of physiological techniques to measure effort is caused by the similarity between the physiological response to *mental effort* and to *stress*”

Kahneman (1973), p.17

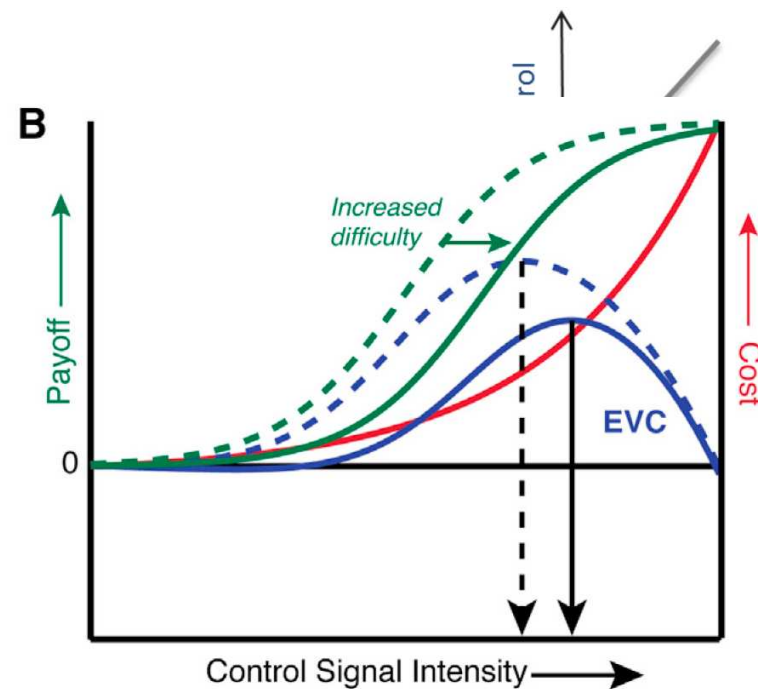


44 years later... What have we learned?

- Task **demand** (need for effort) vs. actual **effort** exerted
- Problem: **demands** and **effort** typically co-vary
- Solution: investigate range where they are dissociated



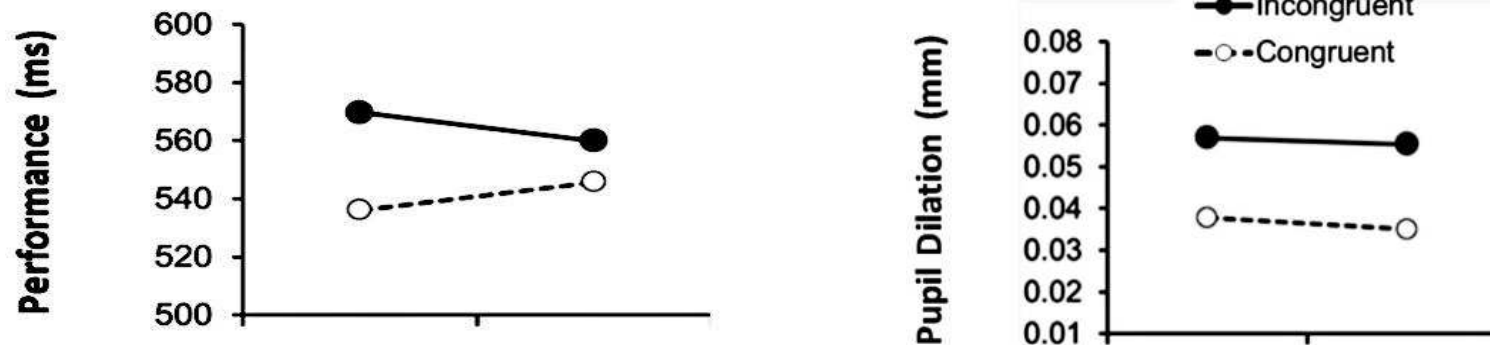
Motivation Intensity Theory (Brehm & Self, 1989)



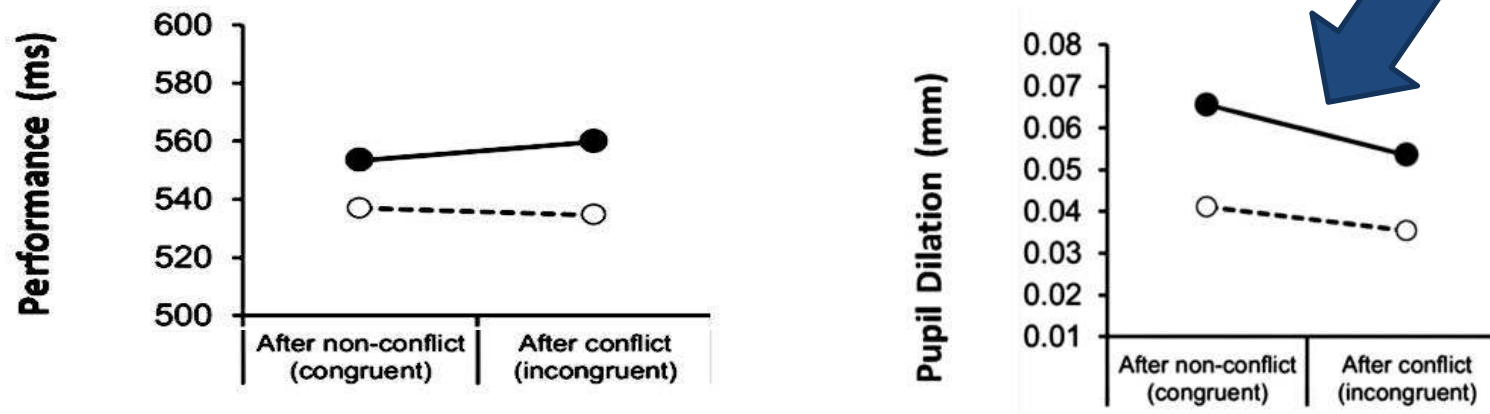
Expected Value of Going to the Party (Dworkin & Scheiner, 2001, 2013)

Time pressure manipulation reduces conflict adaptation AND post-conflict pupil dilation

Control condition (fast RT and avoid errors)



Time pressure condition (speed up without sacrificing accuracy)



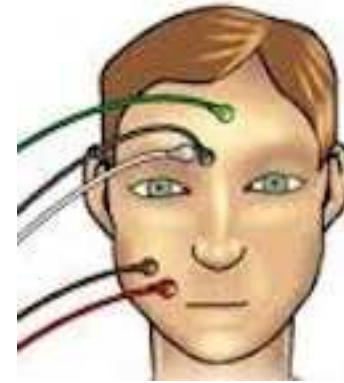
van Steenbergen, H., Band, G.P.H., & Hommel, B. (2015). Does conflict help or hurt cognitive control? Initial evidence for an inverted U-shape relationship between perceived task difficulty and conflict adaptation. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 6:974.

Pupil dilation in cognitive control tasks

- In conditions of extreme demands: effort should be reduced.
- Pupil dilation consistent with this prediction
- Pupil dilation correlates with performance

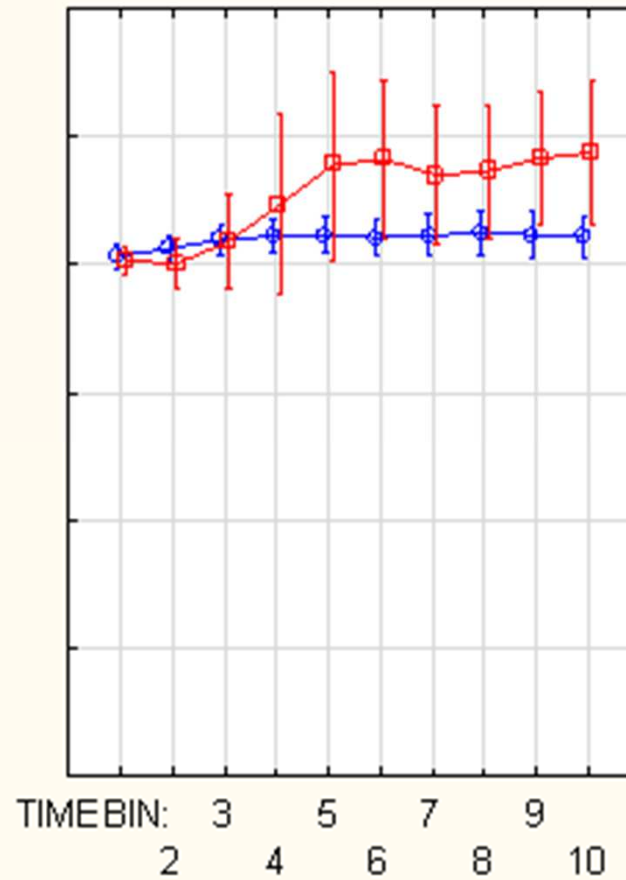
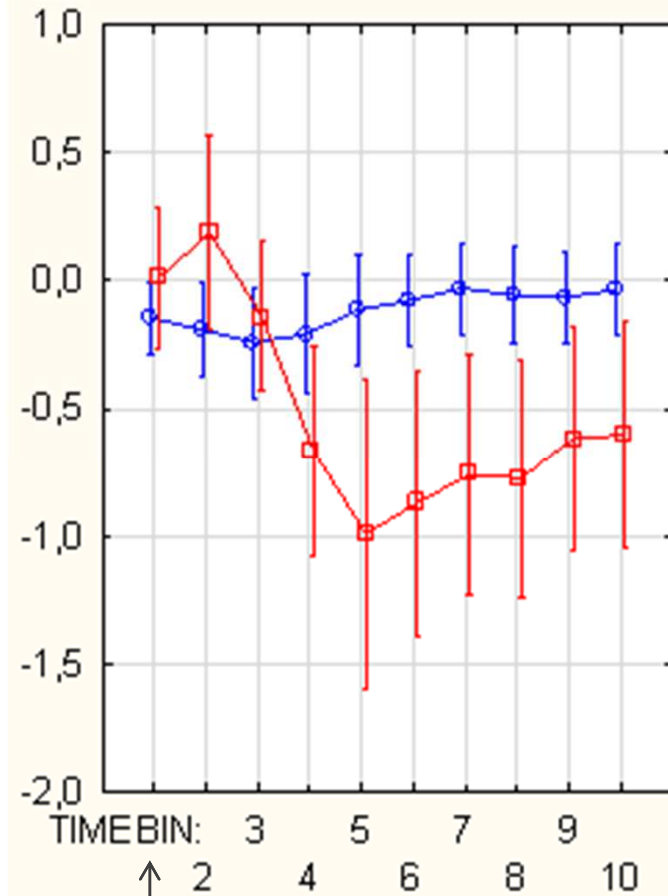
- Most parsimonious explanation of available data: pupil dilation can be used as an index of effort

Errors and facial EMG



Corrugator (frown)

Zygomaticus (smile)



--- Error

--- Correct

Error bars show 95%CI

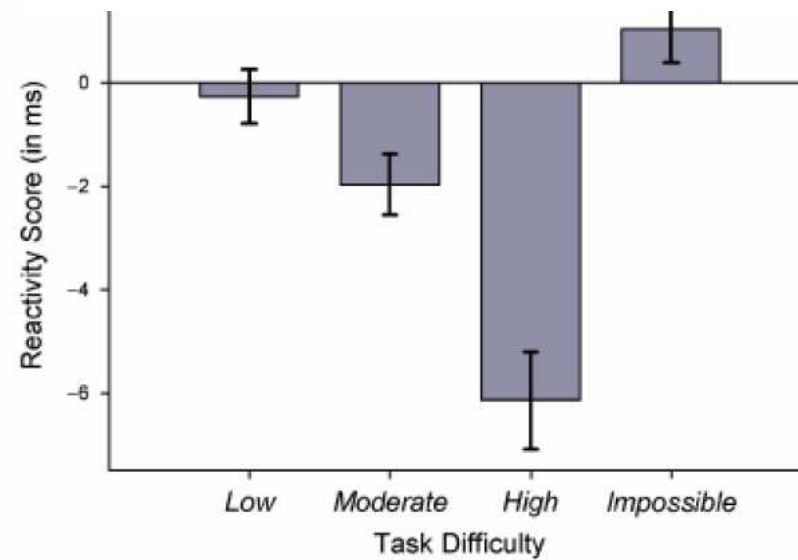
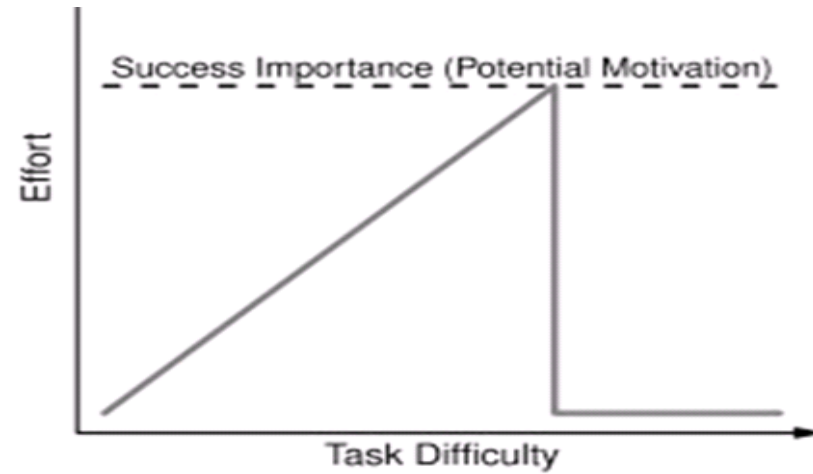
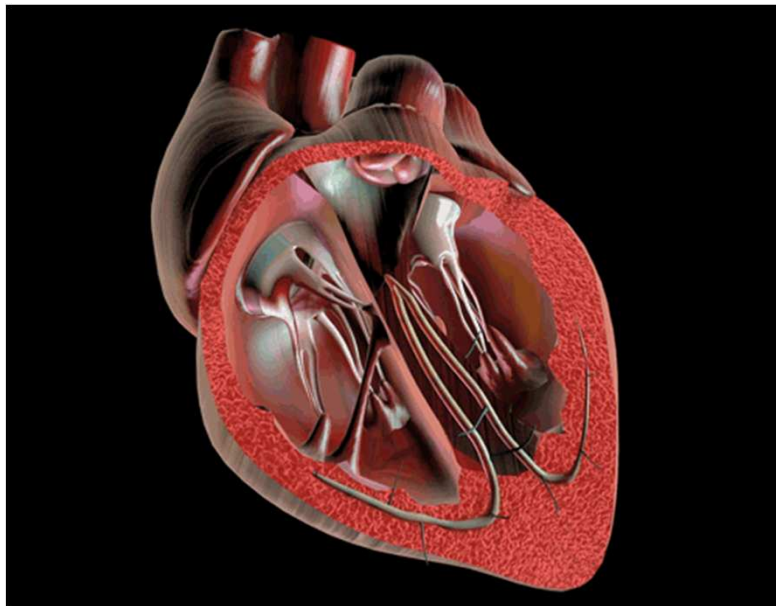
Timebins of 100 ms

Time 0 = Response onset

Berger, A. & van Steenbergen, H. (in preparation)

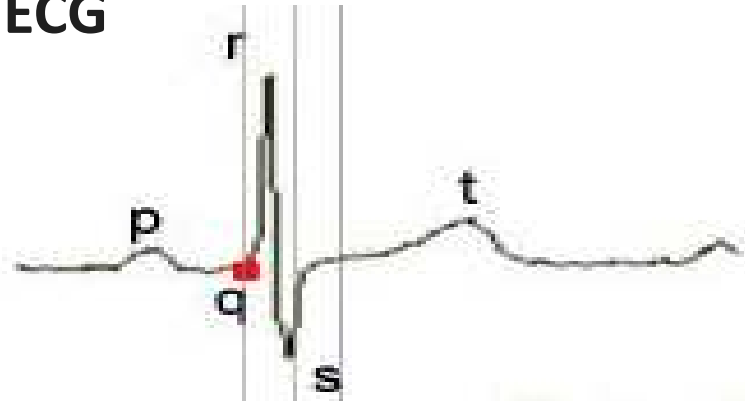
Cardiac contractility: A more specific index of effort?

Force of myocardial contraction reflected in the pre-ejection period (PEP)

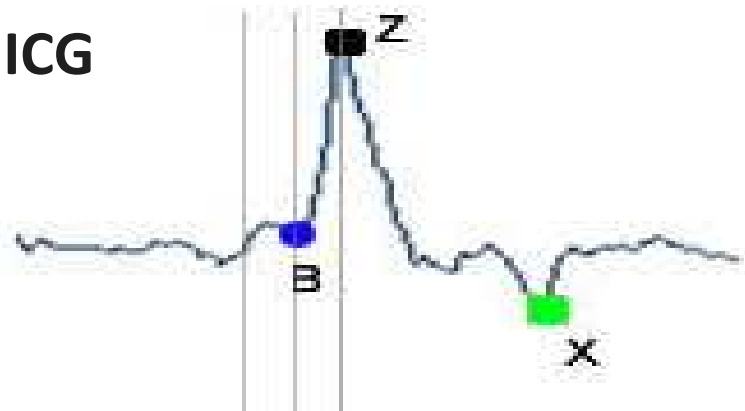


New method: RZ interval as a proxy of PEP

ECG

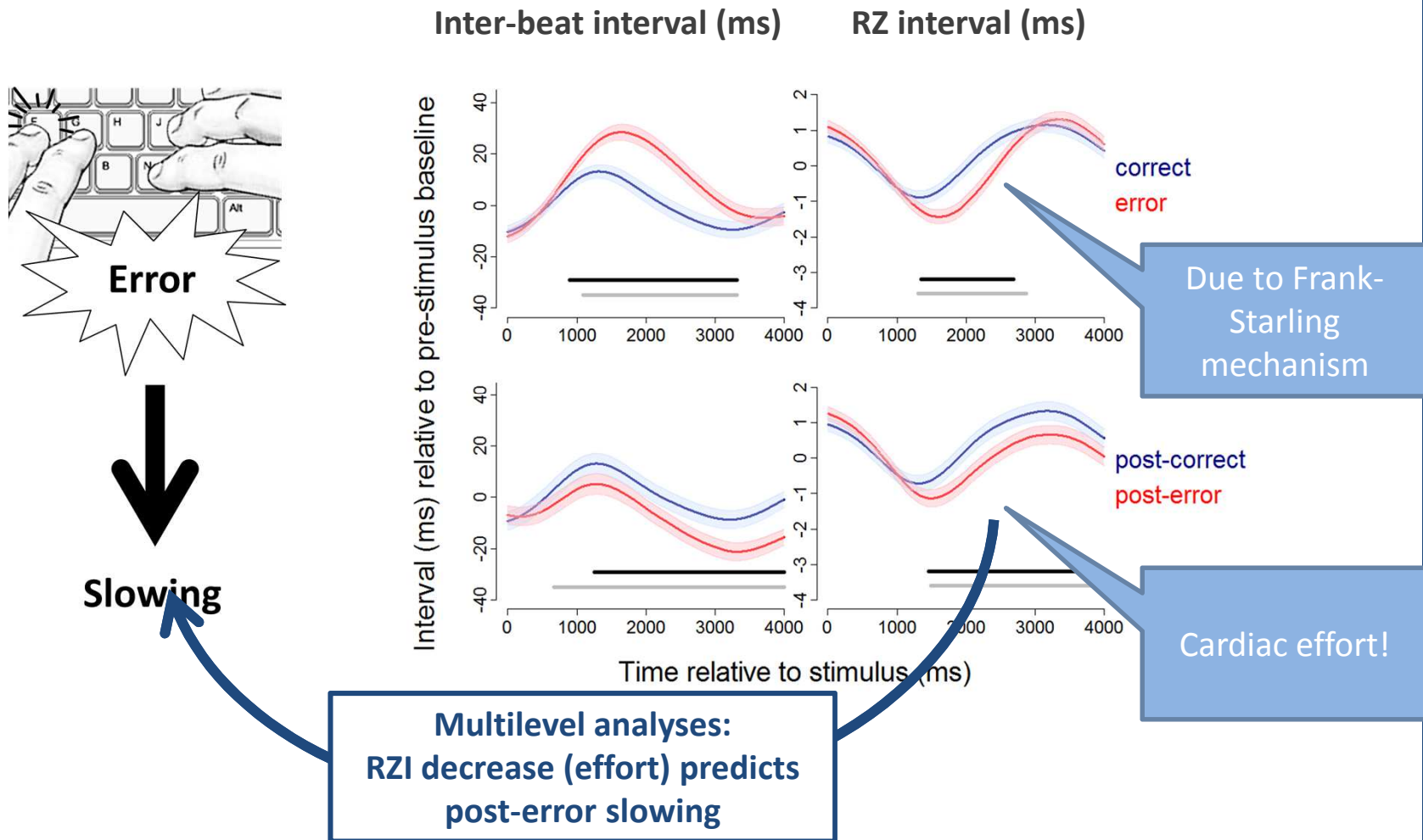


ICG



- Traditional PEP based on ensemble-averaged data: qB interval
- Single-trial analyses: proxy of PEP: RZ interval (cf. Lozano et al. 2007)

Post-error adaptations involve cardiac effort



Conclusions

- Effort is an important aspect of cognitive control
- Pupil dilation: useful index of effort
- Frowning muscle: might reflect effort but EMG data is noisy
- Cardiovascular RZI: promising new method to investigate effort

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